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has been successful in the treatment of

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The Daily Republican.

HAMSHER & MOSSER,

8. E. HAMSHER, &
A. MOSSER, Publishers.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS:

Wednesday Evening, March 8.

A DISGRACEFUL AFFAIR.

It is all very pretty and eloquent for stump speakers to dilate upon the grandeur of the spectacle presented by a whole people, when they march to the ballot-box and deposit the noiseless missiles which hurl from power an unsatisfactory set of public officials, and by the same silent means proclaim the names of their rulers and the policies which they shall pursue. All this is very nice in theory, and sounds well when spoken at a distance from the polling places, but the reality is often marred by occurrences which are well calculated to make one doubt the virtues of self-government. The scenes enacted at and around the fourth ward polls yesterday, on the occasion of the city election, not only furnish a sad commentary upon the intelligence and virtue of the people, but also reflect seriously upon the efficiency of our local police. During nearly the entire afternoon a noisy, drunken, disgraceful crowd surrounded the polls, and the fights indulged in were so frequent that no count could be kept of them. Bloody noses and bruised faces were as plentiful as they are said to be at Derrybrook fair. Whisky and blood flowed freely, and at times the crowd surged to and fro with excitement, as man after man bit the dust. No description that we can give would afford any adequate idea of the disgraceful scene, and the worst feature of the case was the fact that it was allowed to go on all afternoon, without any attempt being made by the proper authorities to quell the disturbance.

Where were the police?

If this question was asked once during the afternoon it was asked a hundred times. The only answer that came was to the effect that they were keeping order in other and more peaceful portions of the city. It is no excuse to say that there were not enough police on duty. It is the business of a policeman to be where his services are needed, and if there was one of these so-called "guardians of the peace" anywhere in the city yesterday, who did not hear of the troubles in the fourth ward, and who did not realize that it was his duty to be there, he must have been asleep. They were not all candidates for office, and therefore have no excuse of that kind.

The fact is, there are good reasons for a reorganization of the police force, whereby those who are conspicuous for their absence whenever their services are needed may be retired, and men appointed who will not allow a repetition of the disgraceful scenes of yesterday.

CONTESTS

Dr. R. N. Mills, who was beaten for alderman in the fifth ward yesterday, informs us that he intends to contest Mr. Harwood's right to a seat in the council, upon the ground of illegal voting. We are informed, also, that Mr. Hill will make a contest upon the result for mayor. It is claimed that the polls in the fourth ward were closed an hour too soon.

The Congressional Record of recent date contains the following:

"Mr. Vance, of North Carolina, introduced a bill (H. R. No. 229) to repeal a joint resolution of March 3, 1867, and the act of February 4, 1868, prohibiting payment to any person not known to be opposed to the rebellion, which was read a first and second time."

The legislation which it thus proposes to repeal was enacted by a Republican Congress to protect the treasury against rebel claims for damages and losses by the war. It has served its purpose admirably thus far, and has saved the government an enormous sum. During the present session of Congress hundreds of claims of this character have been presented and bills introduced for their payment, and now in order to facilitate their allowance a Democratic member from North Carolina introduces a bill for the repeal of the legislation which stands in their way. Whether the measure succeeds or not, the animum of the Confederate Democracy is sufficiently manifested by the attempt.

It is Messrs. Clymer, Robbins and Blackburn who are now "on the rugged edge." Having been invited to appear before the Grand Jury of the District of Columbia to testify to what they know of crookedness in official station, they throw themselves back upon their dignity and deny the authority of the Grand Jury to question them. Is this a part of the contract to assist in the escape of the witness Marsh?

GOVERNOR TILDEN AND BILL
TWEED.

New York Sun.
During a visit paid by Senator Morrissey to Governor Tilden recently, one of the Governor's friends spoke of Wm. M. Tweed's escape from jail.

"I am glad that Tweed got away" said Morrissey.

"Why do you say that?" asked the Governor.

"Because I think that he has suffered enough for his crimes."

The Governor looked sharp at the Senator and said: "Morrissey, you do not dare to express that opinion publicly."

"Oh yes, I dare," answered Mr. Morrissey smiling, "I cut loose from Mr. Tweed in 1868, before he had done anything wrong, but you stuck to him till 1871."

The Governor scowled and changed the topic.

The most humiliating feature of the present situation is the intense anxiety displayed by the Democracy to make political capital out of the Belknap disclosures. Any man of patriotic feeling—any true American—would say that the affair was one involving so largely the honor of the National government that nothing should be looked to but the ends of justice and the interest of public morals. But the Democrats have been forgetting all this and trying simply to make political capital. Thus we have the spectacle of Heister Clymer, of Pennsylvania, an old political profligate, standing up and reading Marsh's testimony with tremulous and tearful cadence, while dozens of confederates, who had fought against the Union four years stood by and mopped their eyes at the criminal revelation. This was a very affecting scene, but not so suggestive of the thinness of Democratic reform as the fact that Marsh, the prosecuting witness in the whole case, had been permitted to escape through the political mismanagement of the Democrats. The Republican members of the committee, Messrs. Bass and Danforth, insisted that Marsh ought to be held in custody as a witness, but the majority overruled them, and were so intent on bringing the case before the House and the country that they actually forgot Marsh, and allowed him to escape from the country. He acknowledges having written a letter to Secretary Belknap, charging J. S. Evans & Co. with maliciously slandering the secretary by saying that he accepted bribes from them and offering his services to prosecute them. Captain Robinson says his design in writing the letter was to influence Belknap to keep him in the army. His trial was pending at the time.

The Clinton Register, another so-called independent organ, has failed to place the Independent ticket at the head of its columns. The Appeal, we believe, is the only paper in the state that has shown a willingness to swallow the thing bodily.—Bloomington Leader.

The Register, like the Decatur Times, is run by a man of Democratic proclivities, and it is quite a noticeable fact that all the independent editors of that class in Illinois are still waiting to see whether it will not be better for them to go back to their first love—as they would dearly like to do. They helped to get up the "Independent" humbug, but are entirely willing to commit its destitutes to the renegade Republicans, while they pay renewed attention to the old Democratic lag who won their boyish affections, and whose charms—though faded by age and almost obliterated by dissipation—still suffice to command their respect and adoration.

The statement made in a Washington special to the Cincinnati Gazette of Saturday that the facts as to Marsh being a post trader at Fort Still, and making great profit out of it by farming it out, were privately disclosed to the House Military Committee in 1872, and by them suppressed, is not correct. The facts are that General Hazen was summoned by the Military Committee and brought a great distance to testify about this matter, among others. He appeared and was examined by the committee, Republicans and Democrats. The chairman, a Republican, and General Storck, of New York, a leading Democrat, closely interrogated him on the subject. The whole examination was taken down by a short hand reporter and was embodied in the report of the Committee on "Army Staff Organization." This report attracted great attention wherever anyone was found interested in the army.

Now, not a word was said by General Hazen of the unfair or corrupt dealing of Secretary Belknap. No one dreamed of such a thing at that time. There were active and vigilant Democrats on the committee, and more than a hundred in the House who would have seized upon his corrupt conduct with great avidity. The Republican members of that committee were making a thorough investigation, and this very testimony was made public as the result of their labors. It is gross injustice to say they concealed that very thing which they made public.—Indianapolis Journal.

GOVERNOR HENDRICK'S PROSPECTS.

It looks like a hard case for the gentleman from Indiana. If he goes into the convention with the Indiana platform in his hand, Eastern Democrats would rather transport him for life than to vote for him. If he don't go into convention with that platform in his hand, what claim can he have on his State for its support? Some one in the State Journal lives us the felicitous phrase, "the swine and straddling Hendricks." So much obliged. That is Hendricks. But can he straddle from Indiana to New York? I believe I may say, candidly and somewhat emphatically, that the leading Democrats here, for the most part, consider Hendrick as a traitor to his country. They can do nothing unless they can carry New York, and Hendricks would be beaten from Indiana to New York.—Gen. J. M. Comly, in Ohio State Journal.

GENERAL SHERMAN AND JEFF
DAVIS.

Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat. "General, why don't you recommend Jeff Davis for an appointment in Egypt?"

"Oh, I wouldn't do that, anybody but Jeff."

"Perhaps it would be a public benefit to do so."

"Well, I never viewed it in that light. On second thought, I would endorse Jeff if he would leave the country."

MONTREAL, March 7.—The wife of Caleb P. Marsh has arrived in this city, and joined her husband.

BOSTON, March 7.—Marsh stated to a newspaper man that he was preparing a full statement of the Belknap affair.

TELEGRAPHIC.

BELKNAP.

The Case Before the Grand
Jury.

Mrs. MARSH in Montreal.

Judge Taft Accepts the War Office.

ILLNESS OF RICHARD H. DANA.

THE LONDON TIMES ON DANA.

BALTIMORE, March 7.—George T. Robinson has been requested by Mr. Banning, chairman of the House military committee, to appear and make a full statement of his connection with matters bearing on the impending investigation. Robinson says he is very anxious to testify, as he may then show that the charges against him are false. He acknowledges having written a letter to Secretary Belknap, charging J. S. Evans & Co. with maliciously slandering the secretary by saying that he accepted bribes from them and offering his services to prosecute them. Captain Robinson says his design in writing the letter was to influence Belknap to keep him in the army. His trial was pending at the time.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The district attorney, to-day, sent one witness before the grand jury, investigating the Belknap charges.

Secretary Chandler says the story of the interview between himself and Gen. Belknap and wife, and the purported full confession, is false.

Representatives Clymer, Blackburn and Robbins of North Carolina, appeared this morning, before the criminal court and stated that they had been subpoenaed to appear before grand jury. They denied the authority of the court to interrogate them as to the testimony of any witness before the committee of Congress. They entered their protest.

District Attorney Wells said he did not desire to ask questions as to the testimony of any witness, and that the grand jury would fix the time, which would not conflict with the committee's work.

The grand jury, to day, examined Colonel Adams, clerk of the House, in the Belknap case, and to-morrow, Mr. Tomlinson, Mrs. Belknap's brother, will appear before them as a witness.

The opinion prevails among lawyers who have examined the case, that since the flight of Marsh there is no testimony in the possession of the House that will convict Belknap, either on impeachment or in criminal court.

Efforts are being made, however, to secure additional testimony to support the impeachment.

COLUMBUS, March 7.—A special to the New York Times says that the reasons for the revolt in Cuba, which directed to the war in Cuba, which the Government of Spain has announced its intention to crush out of existence immediately. The announcement is made with a certain flourish of trumpet and an offensive tone of magnificence which do not command it to favorable consideration. The London Times, in noticing it, says that the reasons for the revolt in Cuba are apparent, and intimates that the Justice of the insurgents' cause is undeniable. They have been denied self-government, and have been subjected to systematic oppression and robbery at the hands of representatives of the home government. Moreover, it is too much to expect that the promises of the Spanish Government will be fulfilled. The Times says "It would need a robust faith to believe that Spain will display proofs of a capacity to rule dependencies." The briefest catalogue of the outrages which Spain has for generation imposed upon Cuba is sufficient to awaken lively sympathy with the insurgents, and regret that the code of justice are likely to suffer materially, as they have ofen done before, through Democratic partisanship and lack of honest principle.—Indianapolis Journal.

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MORNING:
Prints of the season;
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ERES. SHAWLS,
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to reduce my stock,
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PRICE will be paid for all kinds of

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BOYD SHANNON,

Decatur, Ill.

March 2, 1876—wtf.

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October 23, 1871-dtf.

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